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2100 PENNSYLVANIA AVENEUE, N.W. WASHINGTON, DC 20037-3213			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	09/833,786	SHIMBORI ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Satwant K. Singh	2626
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period v - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE.	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		·
 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 13 A 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This 3) Since this application is in condition for alloware closed in accordance with the practice under E 	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro	
Disposition of Claims		·
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-28 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray. 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-7,10-19 and 21-28 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) 8,9 and 20 is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	wn from consideration.	
Application Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	epted or b) objected to by the l drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Section is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) ⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) ⊠ All b) □ Some * c) □ None of: 1. ⊠ Certified copies of the priority document 2. □ Certified copies of the priority document 3. □ Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati rity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage
Attachment(s)		:
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 1. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 - The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 2. Claim 19 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. It is unclear to the examiner as to what is meant by "said color image on the Internet Method". No method is mentioned in Claim 1. Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 4. Claims 1-4, 6, 7, 10-13, 15-19, and 21-28 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Nagasaka (US 6,519,049).
- 5. Regarding Claim 1, Nagasaka discloses a printing system for printing a color image provided via the Internet, comprising: a terminal unit (receiver computer 100), connected to said Internet, operable to obtain said color image; a printer (printer 180), connected to said terminal unit, operable to print said color image; and a correcting

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information provider (transmitter computer 200) operable to provide said terminal unit with correcting information for allowing said color image to be corrected in accordance with at least color characteristics of said printer (The receiver computer 100 receives the transmitted color image data 271, color-correction source data 272, and various pieces of print settings information via the communications device 160. The transmission control unit 111 then transfers the input color image data 271, color-correction source data 272, and various pieces of print settings information to the print processing unit 114. The print processing unit 114 is actualized by a printer driver software exclusively used for the printer 180, and includes the resolution conversion element 115, the color correction element 118, the color conversion element 116, and the halftone processing element 117 as mentioned previously) (col. 18, lines 56-67).

- 6. Regarding Claim 2, Nagasaka discloses a printing system, wherein said correcting information provider is connected to said terminal unit (the receiver computer 100 and the transmitter computer 200 shown in FIG. 1 are connected to each other via the Internet 600 as shown in FIG. 2) (col. 15, lines 25-27).
- 7. Regarding Claim 3, Nagasaka discloses a printing system, wherein said correcting information provider is connected to said terminal unit via said Internet (the receiver computer 100 and the transmitter computer 200 shown in FIG. 1 are connected to each other via the Internet 600 as shown in FIG. 2) (col. 15, lines 25-27).
- 8. Regarding Claim 4, Nagasaka discloses a printing system, wherein said correcting information provider includes a printer type database for storing information regarding color characteristics for each type of said printer (transmitted user interface

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data) (col. 17, lines 33-42 and col. 18, lines 1-4), and said correcting information provider provides said correcting information obtained by color correction based on the contents of said printer type database (inputting print settings information based on the transmitted user interface data) (col. 18, lines 10-14).

- 9. Regarding Claim 6, Nagasaka discloses a printing system, wherein said correcting information provider provides said correcting information in accordance with at least color characteristics of said printer and a type of paper to be used by said printer (Fig. 5 and Fig 6) (the color image data 271 is transferred with the color-correction source data 272 and the print settings information from the transmitter computer 200 to the receiver computer 100 via the Internet 600) (col. 19, lines 49-52).
- 10. Regarding Claim 7, Nagasaka discloses a printing system, wherein said correcting information provider includes a user-setting information database for storing printer-setting information regarding a current color setting of said printer, a type and a size of paper to be used by said printer, and said correcting information provider provides said correcting information based on said printer-setting information (Fig. 5 and Fig 6) (the color correction element 118 reads the print settings information to specify a variety of print settings of the printer 180 that include the pixel density of printing, the halftone processing method, and the color correction method, and selects the color-correction destination data 172 corresponding to the print settings among the plural pieces of color-correction destination data stored in advance in the hard disk 170) (col. 19, lines 11-33).

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- 11. Regarding Claim 10, Nagasaka discloses a printing system, wherein said correcting information provider includes a layout unit operable to make a layout of said image based on said size of paper (Fig. 5) (the user of the transmitter computer 200 here inputs details of paper settings 252, which include the paper size, the paper source, the orientation, and the print size, through the operation of the input device 240) col. 18, lines 15-32).
- 12. Regarding Claim 11, Nagasaka discloses a printing system, wherein said user-setting information database is operable to store information regarding brightness and sharpness of said image, and said correcting information provider provides said correcting information based oh said printer-setting information and said information regarding said brightness and said sharpness of said image (Fig. 6) (the color correction element 118 reads the print settings information to specify a variety of print settings of the printer 180 that include the pixel density of printing, the halftone processing method, and the color correction method, and selects the color-correction destination data 172 corresponding to the print settings among the plural pieces of color-correction destination data stored in advance in the hard disk 170)(col. 19, lines 11-33).
- 13. Regarding Claim 12, Nagasaka discloses a printing system, wherein said correcting information provider includes: an image obtaining unit (I/O unit 220) operable to obtain said image from said Internet; and an information presenting unit (communications device 160) operable to present said image to said terminal unit, wherein said terminal unit obtains said image via said information presenting unit (the receiver computer 100 receives the transmitted color image data 271, color-correction

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source data 272, and various pieces of print settings information via the communications device 160) (col. 18, lines 56-67).

- 14. Regarding Claim 13, Nagasaka discloses a printing system, wherein said correction information provider includes a correction notifying unit (communications device 160) operable to notify said terminal unit the contents of correction to be performed for said image (The receiver computer 100 receives the transmitted color image data 271, color-correction source data 272, and various pieces of print settings information via the communications device 160) (col. 18, lines 56-67).
- 15. Regarding Claim 15, Nagasaka discloses a printing system, wherein said terminal unit (receiver computer 100) includes: an image receiving unit (input processing unit 112) operable to receive said color image; an image displaying unit (monitor 150) operable to display said color image received; and a correcting information requesting unit (print processing unit 114) operable to request said correcting information provider to provide said terminal unit with said correcting information corresponding to said color image (the print processing unit 114 further includes a resolution conversion element 115, a color correction element 118, a color conversion element 116, and a halftone processing element 117) (col. 13, lines 24-55).
- 16. Regarding Claim 16, Nagasaka discloses a printing system, wherein said terminal unit further includes: a printer-setting obtaining unit (user interface data 171) operable to obtain a current setting of said printer (the user interface data 171 is used to display a user interface for inputting print settings information corresponding to the printer 180) (col. 13, lines 24-55); and a printer-setting information transmitting unit

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(transmission control unit 111) operable to transmit said current setting of said printer to said correcting information provider when said terminal unit requests the transmission of said correcting information to said correcting information provider (the transmission control unit 111 of the CPU 110 reads the user interface data 171 from the hard disk 170 and transmits the user interface data 171 to the transmitter computer 200 via the communications device 160 at step S104) (col. 17. lines 33-38).

- 17. Regarding Claim 17, Nagasaka discloses a printing system, wherein said correcting information provider includes a storing unit (hard disk 270) operable to store said correcting information so as to allow re-use of said correcting information (color image data 271, which is the print data to be transmitted, and color-correction source data 272, which is used in the process of color correction of the print data or the color image data 271, have been stored in advance in the hard disk 270) (col. 13, lines 62-67).
- 18. Regarding Claim 18, Nagasaka discloses a printing system, wherein said correcting information determines whether or not said correcting information is stored in said storing unit, and reads said correcting information when it is determined that said correcting information is stored and transmits said read correcting information to said terminal unit (the transmission control unit 211 first reads the color image data ID (271), which is the object of transmission, from the hard disk 270, then reads the color-correction source data 272 corresponding to the display settings of the monitor 250 (that is, the profile for the monitor 250), and transmits the color image data 271 and the color-correction source data 272 together with the various pieces of input print settings

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information to the receiver computer 100 via the communications device 160 at step \$110) (col. 18, lines 44-55).

- 19. Regarding Claim 19, Nagasaka discloses a printing system, further comprising: an information sending apparatus (I/O unit 220) operable to provide said color image on the Internet; and an information notifying apparatus (communications device 260) operable to provide location information indicating a location of said color image on the Internet, wherein said correcting information provider obtains said color image based on said location information and provides said correcting information corresponding said color image to said terminal unit (the user interface data provided in the receiver computer 100 is not only for the transmitter computer 200 but generally for a large number of transmitter computers connected to the Internet 600) (col. 17, lines 43-49).
- 20. Regarding Claim 21, Nagasaka discloses a printing system, wherein said terminal unit includes: a receiving unit operable to receive said location information (communications device 160); and a correcting information requesting unit (transmitted instruction) operable to request said correcting information provider to provide said terminal unit with said correcting information corresponding to said color image and to transmit said location information to said correcting information provider (in the receiver computer 100, when the communications device 160 receives the transmitted instruction for starting the transmitting process, the transmission control unit 111 of the CPU 110 reads the user interface data 171 from the hard disk 170 and transmits the user interface data 171 to the transmitter computer 200 via the communications device 160 at step S104) (col. 17, lines 33-42).

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- 21. Regarding Claim 22, Nagasaka discloses a printing system, wherein said terminal unit further includes: a printer-setting obtaining unit operable to obtain a current setting of said printer (user interface data 171); and a printer-setting information transmitting unit operable to transmit said current setting of said printer to said correcting information provider when said terminal unit requests the transmission of said correcting information to said correcting information provider (the user interface data 171 is used to display a user interface for inputting print settings information corresponding to the printer 180, whereas the color-correction destination data 172 is used in the process of color correction of the print data or the color image data) (col. 13, lines 50-55).
- 22. Claim 23 is rejected for the same reason as claim 17.
- 23. Claim 24 is rejected for the same reason as claim 18.
- 24. Regarding Claim 25, Nagasaka discloses a method of supplying correcting information for a color image provided via the Internet to a printer connected to the Internet, comprising: obtaining a current setting of the printer (the window for paper settings as shown in FIG. 5 is displayed as the user interface for inputting the print settings information on the display screen of the monitor 250) (col. 18, lines 10-21); obtaining the color image from the Internet (this embodiment accordingly creates the user interface data by utilizing the HTML that does not depend upon any specific machine type and facilitates creation of the data) (col. 17, lines 61-64); and providing the printer with correcting information for allowing the color image to be corrected in accordance with said current setting of the printer (although not specifically included in

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the details of print specification 254, a color correction method (that is, a color matching method) may also be input according to the requirement of the user) (col. 18, lines 28-31).

- 25. Regarding Claim 26, Nagasaka discloses a printing method, wherein said current setting of said printer includes at least color characteristics of said printer (the print processing unit 114 is actualized by a printer driver software exclusively used for the printer 180, and includes the resolution conversion element 115, the color correction element 118, the color conversion element 116, and the halftone processing element 117) (col. 18, lines 56-67).
- 26. Regarding Claim 27, Nagasaka discloses a printing method, wherein said current setting of said printer includes a size and a type of paper to be used by said printer (The user of the transmitter computer 200 here inputs details of paper settings 252, which include the paper size, the paper source, the orientation, and the print size, through the operation of the input device 240) (col. 18, lines 10-21), and said printer prints said color image by using said correcting information provided in accordance with said color characteristics of said printer and said size and type of said paper (the printer 180 prints a color image, that is, the contents of the color image data, on a sheet of printing paper, based on the input color image data at step S114) (col. 43-48)
- 27. Claim 28 is rejected for the same reason as claim 25.

28. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 29. Claims 5 and 14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Nagasaka in view of Kuwata et al.
- 30. Regarding Claim 5, Nagasaka teaches a printing system, wherein color correction is performed in accordance with said color characteristics of said printer.

Nagasaka fails to teach a printing system wherein said information regarding said color characteristics is a color table to be used for said color correction in accordance with said color characteristics of said printer.

Kuwata et al teach a printing system wherein said information regarding said color characteristics is a color table to be used for said color correction in accordance with said color characteristics of said printer (The color correction at step S130 is substantially performed by such operation of the printer driver as forming a color correction look-up table upon its activation as well as incorporating the color correction look-up table into a color conversion look-up table) (col. 19, lines 23-27).

Therefore it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have combined the teachings of Nagasaka with the teaching of Kuwata to use a color conversion look-up table for color calibration of the printer since look-up tables are often used for color calibration of printers.

31. Regarding Claim 14, Nagasaka fails to teach a printing system, wherein said correction notifying unit determines whether or not said color characteristics of said printer are in normal regions, and notifies said terminal unit that said color characteristics are abnormal when said color characteristics of said printer are out of said normal regions.

Kuwata et al teach a printing system, wherein said correction notifying unit determines whether or not said color characteristics of said printer are in normal regions, and notifies said terminal unit that said color characteristics are abnormal when said color characteristics of said printer are out of said normal regions (reading of the uneven data is performed by executing a bidirectional communication) (col. 19, lines 33-43).

Therefore it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have combined the teachings of Nagasaka with the teaching of Kuwata to use bidirectional communication between the correction notifying unit and the terminal unit to notify the terminal unit that the printer is out of calibration.

Allowable Subject Matter

32. Claims 8, 9, and 20 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Satwant K. Singh whose telephone number is (703) 306-3430. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday thru Friday 8am -4:30pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Kimberly A. Williams can be reached on (703) 305-4863. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Satwart Sith

Satwant K. Singh Examiner Art Unit 2626

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER